Appl. No. 10/632,215 Amdt. Dated November 27, 2007

Reply to Office Action of June 27, 2007

CLAIMS

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A system, comprising:

a processor executing an application;

a peripheral device coupled to the processor;

memory containing an application data structure accessible by said application. wherein accesses to said application data structure and accesses to said device are formatted differently, and wherein data can be written to, or read from, the peripheral device via the application data structure; and

reformat logic coupled to the processor and memory, the reformat logic dynamically reformats an access from the application targeting the application data structure to a format that comports with the device, thereby permitting said application to manage the peripheral device without the use of a device driver, wherein the reformat logic includes alignment logic that implements a read-modify-write operation to write a value from the application data structure across byte boundaries in the display buffer.

2. (Original) The system of claim 1 wherein the peripheral device comprises a display.

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3. (Original) The system of claim 1 wherein the application data structure comprises an

array.

4. (Original) The system of claim 3 wherein the array comprises a multi-dimensional

array.

5. (Original) The system of claim 3 wherein array comprises a single-dimensional

array.

6. (Original) The system of claim 1 further including a device buffer associated with the

device and wherein the application data structure comprises an n-bit data structure and

the device buffer comprises an m-bit display buffer, wherein n is different than m, and

the reformat logic reformats an n-bit access from the application to an m-bit access for

the device buffer.

7. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 6 wherein n is not an integer multiple of

m- and the reformat logic includes alignment logic to implement a read-modify-write

operation to write a value from the application data structure across byte boundaries in

the display-buffer.

8. (Original) The system of claim 6 wherein m is less than n.

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9. (Original) The system of claim 6 wherein the reformat logic comprises a plurality of

registers which are programmable to store a plurality of values, said values comprising

information that is indicative of the starting and ending addresses of the application data

structure in which accesses are to be reformatted by the reformat logic, the starting

address of the device buffer, n, and m.

10. (Original) The system of claim 6 wherein the reformat logic comprises a

plurality of registers which are programmable to store a plurality of values, said values

comprising information that is indicative of the starting and ending addresses of the

application data structure in which accesses are to be reformatted by the reformat logic,

the starting address of the device buffer, n, and value indicative of the ratio between n

and m.

11. (Original) The system of claim 6 wherein the registers are programmed by a

virtual machine.

12. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1 further comprising a multiplexer that

selectively permits accesses from the application to be provided to bypass the memory

without being reformatted by the reformat logic so that such accesses are not

reformatted by the reformat logic and permits accesses from the application to be

reformatted before being provided to the memory.

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13. (Original) The system of claim 12 wherein the reformat logic controls the

multiplexer to select whether or not a reformatted access is to be provided to the

memory.

14. (Original) The system of claim 12 wherein the processor supplies an address

to the multiplexer and to the reformat logic and asserts a signal to the multiplexer to

cause the multiplexer to select whether or not a reformatted access is to be provided to

the memory.

15. (Currently Amended) Reformat logic, comprising:

a plurality of registers; and

translation logic that accesses the registers and that receives a memory access

targeting an application data structure that has a different format than for

accesses that are provided to a device that is external to said reformat

logic and that reformats the request to a format compatible with the device

based on values stored in the registers, wherein the translation logic

implements a read-modify-write operation to write a value from the

application data structure across byte boundaries of a memory buffer

associated with said device.

16. (Currently Amended) The reformat logic of claim 15 wherein the device has an

associated memory buffer and wherein the application data structure is n-bit accessible

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and the memory buffer is m-bit accessible where m is less than n, and the translation

logic reformats the request from an n-bit format to an m-bit format.

17. (Currently Amended) The reformat logic of claim 16 wherein n is not an integer

multiple of m and the reformat logic includes alignment logic to implement at the read-

modify-write operation to write a value from the application data structure across byte

boundaries in the display buffer.

18. (Original) The reformat logic of claim 16 further comprising a plurality of

registers which are configured to be programmed to store a plurality of values, said

values comprising values that enable to determine the starting and ending addresses of

the application data structure in which accesses are to be reformatted by the reformat

logic, the starting address of the memory buffer, n, and m.

19. (Original) The reformat logic of claim 16 further comprising a plurality of

registers which are configured to be programmed to store a plurality of values, said

values comprising values that enable to determine the starting and ending addresses of

the application data structure in which accesses are to be reformatted by the reformat

logic, the starting address of the memory buffer, n, and value indicative of the ratio

between n and m.

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20. (Original) The reformat logic of claim 15 wherein the translation logic

reformats both read and write requests.

21. (Original) The reformat logic of claim 15 wherein the memory buffer for which

the reformat logic reformats a request comprises a display memory buffer associated

with a display.

22. (Currently Amended) A method, comprising:

receiving a physical address from a processor, the physical address associated

with an application data structure;

converting the physical address to a device buffer address associated with a

device buffer, the device buffer being accessed with a different number of

bits than the application data structure; and

providing the converted device buffer address to the device buffer to permit the

processor to control a peripheral device without using a driver associated

with the peripheral device; and

performing a read-modify-write operation to write a value from the application

data structure to the device buffer across byte boundaries of the device

buffer.

23. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein receiving the physical address

from the processor is performed upon writing to the application data structure.

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- 24. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein receiving the physical address from the processor is performed upon reading from the application data structure.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 22 further including completing a read or write transaction to the device buffer using the converted device buffer address.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein the device buffer is accessed with fewer bits than the application data structure.